



### LESS LITTER ... MORE BIODIVERSITY

ALL THE VARIETY AMONGST THE PLANTS AND ANIMALS IS CALLED THE BIODIVERSITY OF AN AREA. RIVERS, ESTUARIES AND THE OCEAN HAVE A LOT OF BIODIVERSITY - WHICH MEANS THERE ARE A LOT OF DIFFERENT PLANTS AND ANIMALS. POLLUTION - SUCH AS LITTER - KILLS PLANTS AND ANIMALS, WHICH MEANS LESS BIODIVERSITY.



An **estuary** is where a river empties into the sea and where the salt water from the sea mixes with the fresh water from the river.











### MAKE YOUR OWN WATER CYCLE!

## YOU WILL NEED:

- · A BOWL
- · SOME CLEAR PLASTIC
- SOME STRING
- SELLOTAPE
- · WATER
- · A 500ML PLASTIC SODA BOTTLE
- SCISSORS

CUT THE LID AS WELL AS THE SIDE OFF THE PLASTIC BOTTLE.



COVER THE BOWL WITH THE CLEAR PLASTIC AND ATTACH IT WITH EITHER SELLOTAPE OR STRING.



MAKE HOLES IN THE BOTTLE AND THREAD STRINGS THROUGH THEM.



PLACE A SMALL STONE OVER THE OPEN SIDE OF THE BOTTLE AND PLACE IT IN A SUNNY SPOT.



ATTACH THE BOTTLE TO THE BOWL SO THAT IT SLOPES TOWARDS THE OPEN END. PLACE WATER IN THE BOWL.



### WHAT'S HAPPENING HERE?



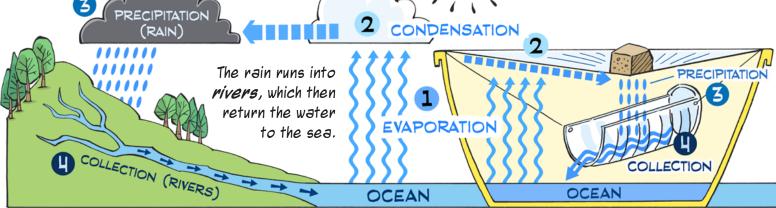
IN THE ACTIVITY YOU MADE A MODEL OF THE WATER CYCLE.

Rain Falls From the clouds which is called precipitation.

The water vapour condenses to make clouds.



The sun makes the water evaporate from the sea to make water vapour.





### KEEPING OUR SEAS CLEAN

AS YOU SAW IN THE WATER CYCLE, WATER FROM RIVERS ENDS UP IN THE SEA. LITTER IN THE RIVERS IS ALSO CARRIED DOWN TO THE SEA.

THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS'
"SOURCE TO SEA" PROJECT WORKS AT
KEEPING RIVERS CLEAN SO THAT OUR OCEAN
IS ALSO CLEAN. THE "WORKING FOR THE
COAST" PROGRAMME MAKES SURE LITTER IS
PICKED UP AT MANY BEACHES AND ESTUARIES
ALONG THE SOUTH AFRICAN COASTLINE.

LITTER IS NOT NCAH!



#### CAREERS:

Marine Biologists study sea creatures and plants. This ranges from large creatures (like whales) all the way to microscopic creatures (like plankton) and everything in-between. They also see how changes in the environment, such as pollution, will affect sea life. They play an important role in protecting biodiversity.

Conservationists protect and preserve the environment and wildlife. They work towards ensuring that the earth and everything that lives in it are given the best chance of survival. This may include helping make new laws or rehabilitating a natural area that has been damaged.

Recycling is a job that helps save the environment, including rivers and the sea, as well as making a living for people. Materials such as metal, glass, wood, plastics or paper can be sold and reused to make new products.



These two initiatives not only ensure our oceans are litter Free, but they also provide jobs For people, allowing them to create a better life For themselves.





Jabulile Nhleko works for the Department of Environmental Affairs as an Estuarine Ecologist. She studies estuaries to see how the plants, animals and environment need to work together to have a healthy ecosystem. From what she learns, she can then advise on how to best manage estuaries. She has also worked as a river health scientist and at the moment is working at getting her PhD (Doctoral degree).

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### CURRICULUM LINKS

- Grade 7 and 8: Life
  Orientation Health,
  social and environmental
  responsibility (environmental
  health)
- Grade 7: Natural
  Sciences Life and Living
  (biodiversity), Grade 8 Life
  and Living (Interactions and
  interdependence within the
  environment).



### LIVING SEAS!

NO LITTER OR POLLUTION IN THE SEA MEANS LOTS OF DIFFERENT PLANTS AND ANIMALS - OR LOTS OF BIODIVERSITY.

UNSCRAMBLE THE LETTERS TO FIND WORDS THAT YOU HAVE LEARNED ABOUT IN THIS WORKSHEET, AS WELL AS CREATURES THAT CAN BE FOUND BECAUSE THERE IS NO LITTER.



STARUYE
REVDISITYOIB
NAOCE
BCRA
WLAHE
ISHF
LARCO
WLAHE

SHARK	STARFISH
FISH /	BIODIVERSITY
WHALE	OCEAN
CORAL	CRAB
ESTUARY	
25	
	1

### START YOUR OWN SCIENCE SPAZA

HISTRASF

Do you want to start a science club at your school? Send us the following information, and Science Spaza will contact you.

Name:
Telephone number:
Email address:
Postal address:

Visit www.sciencespaza.org, email info@sciencespaza.org, sms or WhatsApp us on 076 173 7130 or write to us at PO Box 22106, Mayor's Walk, 3208.

# WE WANT YOUR FEEDBACK!

SEND US A PHOTO OF YOUR
CLUB DOING THE ACTIVITY OR
ARRANGE YOUR OWN CLEANUP
OF A LOCAL WATER SOURCE YOU WILL BE SAVING MARINE
BIODIVERSITY.





School:

Environmental Protection and Infrastructure Programmes (EPIP) are aimed at addressing environmental management challenges in South Africa. Working with the Coast is one of the focus areas of EPIP and facilitates the rehabilitation of coastal environments.

The Source to Sea initiative aims to tackle land-based waste and litter in hot spot communities located near rivers and catchments and preventing such litter and waste to enter waterways and ending up in the sea.





